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## American Model United Nations General Assembly Third Committee

GA Third/II/2

SUBJECT OF RESOLUTION: Literacy for life: shaping future agendas

SUBMITTED TO: The General Assembly Third Committee

The General Assembly Third Committee,

Recalling United Nations Sustainable Development Goal 4 and its efforts to develop equitable and quality education for all,

Recognizing the infrastructure gaps in education faced by rural communities, and the importance of providing quality education to all, especially in the wake of global distress,

Reminding Member States that knowledgeable educators produce informed students,

Acknowledging the work of the United Nations Development Programme in expanding infrastructure to areas with inequitable access, particularly rural communities,

Recognizing further the significant impact of mental health on students' ability to engage with and succeed in educational systems, and the importance of fostering emotional wellbeing to support lifelong learning,

Takes into account the unique role which local leaders must play as educators in any solution addressing illiteracy, which also acts to preserve lingual diversity as an extension of state sovereignty,

Noting with concern the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on educational growth in students, pushing the number of children in learning poverty unable to read a simple text by age 10 from 53 percent to 70 percent in developing countries, according to the World Bank,

- 1. Reaffirms the importance of Sustainable Development Goal 4 within the international community when creating a productive and equal opportunity environment for fostering education and literacy standards, including but not limited to:
- (a) Multilateral cooperation to promote language acquisition in underprivileged and migrant communities;
  - (b) Women's access to quality and equitable education;
  - (c) Global and nation-specific minorities access to quality and equitable education;
- 2. Recommends that the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UN-ESCO) and the Economic and Social Council expand current infrastructure for United Nations data collection efforts relating to literacy, such as the UNESCO Institute for Statistics data center and the Survey of Adult Skills (PIAAC), respectively, by:
  - (a) Including other measures of literacy such as financial literacy or digital literacy;
- (b) Incorporating further crowdsourced data from sources such as local non-governmental organizations, community leaders and educators to create more comprehensive datasets;
- (c) Establishing the Literacy Insights and Guidance in High-risk Times (LIGHT) team, a crisis response team for mobilizing data collection resources in response to emergencies for real-time insights on the impact of crises on literacy;
- (d) Encouraging performance assessments in order to gain insight as to which areas need the most assistance from non-governmental organisations;

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- (e) Declaring that the above data collection changes are opt-in as Member States have the right to their own sovereignty;
- (f) Recommends the establishment of an independent body consisting of funding Member States in order to decide where funding is needed most urgently;
  - 3. Introduces the Digital Equipment Teacher Training program to promote guidelines for the enactment of digital literacy throughout rural and urban areas alike by:
- (a) Recommending the expansion and implementation of the UNESCO ICT Competency Framework for Teachers to include digital literacy frameworks in Member States with low literacy rates;
- (b) Focusing on primary schools through a standardized curriculum of basic digital skills and a basis for further learning;
- (c) Utilizing pre-existing teacher preparation structures before students arrive at schools as an instrument for the execution of this program;
- 4. Calls for the extension of preconceived community hubs to include mobile libraries and digital hubs in Member States through:
- (a) Encouraging performance assessments in order to gain insight as to which areas need the most assistance from non-governmental organisations;
  - (b) Urging community hubs to each address the specific needs of diverse communities, tailoring programs to varying social communities;
  - 5. Encourages Member States to prioritize mental health support to better facilitate literacy and educational systems for a lifelong track through:
- (a) Embedding mental health education into curricula to destigmatize psychological care;
  - (b) Establishing networks to provide counseling services in schools, especially in areas most affected by the pandemic;
  - 6. Suggests the procurement of funding for childhood education through non-governmental organizations, such as Childhood Education International and Save the Children, allowing for the facilitation of educational opportunities and the ultimate decrease of learning poverty;
- 7. Further suggests respect of the sovereignty of Member States, as the use of non-governmental organizations is voluntary and subject to each Member State's discretion.

Passed by consensus, with 0 abstentions

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